

**An integrated Solution to the Security User
Access in the RETELAB Grid Project, using a Web
System based in Portlets and a RBAC Model by
means of User Attribute Certificates and PKI.**



RETELAB

DEVELOPMENT

FUTURE

RETELAB

Introduction

Description

Basis

Main Modules

Partners

Why was RETELAB born?

- The increase of research projects and of the data they manage make the analysis of the information a tedious or impossible job.
- The community needs to access the data.
- The Oceans Study is an interdisciplinary work.
- The need of sharing resources.



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What is RETELAB?

- A virtual laboratory.
- A collaborative and multidisciplinary environment.
- An environment to develop projects related to Oceanographic Remote Sensing.



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RETELAB is supported upon the following ideas:

- Easy and accessible tool.
- Open Source.
- Security.
- Storage and Computational Power.



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RETELAB will comprise the next modules:

- Management of the Security Access.
 - Who can have access?
 - What resources can they work with?
 - What tasks can be done over a resource?
 - Traditional Models vs RBAC.
- Storage Power.
 - Traditional ways are not enough.
 - Data GRID.



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- Computational Power.
 - Just as important as the access to the data is its processing.
 - The final system must allow the execution of serial as well as parallel jobs.
 - We must include a GRID-enabled workload management which allows both modes of execution and is based on JSDL.
- Web Services.
- Deployment.
- Improvement.
- TestBeds
 - Oceanographic Applications.



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- Universidad de Santiago de Compostela.



- Centro de Supercomputación de Galicia.



- AZTI-Tecnalia.



- Instituto Canario de Ciencias Marina.





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DEVELOPMENT

Work Approach

Work Proposed

Technologies

Architecture

Work Development

We are presenting the access, management and security control of the RETELAB users.

Current Situation

- Command Line Interface.
- Computer skills are required.
- Software installation is necessary.
- Access Control Lists (by default in GT4).
- Public Key Infrastructure.



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We propose a user system based on:

- A well balanced solution between easiness and security.
- Computer skills are not needed.
- The RBAC model.
- The Single Sign On network.



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• Portlet based Web Portal →  **gridsphere**

• Middleware in the Grid System →  the globus[®] alliance

• Register module →  **purse-portlets**

• Role management →  **PEMIS**

• Single Sign On →





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- Portlets
 - Pluggable Interface Components.
 - High Interoperability and Reuse.
- GridSphere
 - Open-source portlet based Web Portal.
 - Portlet Container.
- Globus 4
 - Middleware which provides essential Grid functionalities.



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- MyProxy
 - Online credentials repository.
- PURSe
 - Earth System Grid.
 - Portlets version.
 - User register system.



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- PERMIS
 - User access system.
 - RBAC Model.
- Shibboleth
 - Open Source.
 - Standards-based.
 - Web single sign-on across or within organizational boundaries.
 - Allows selective release of information.

DEVELOPMENT

Work Approach

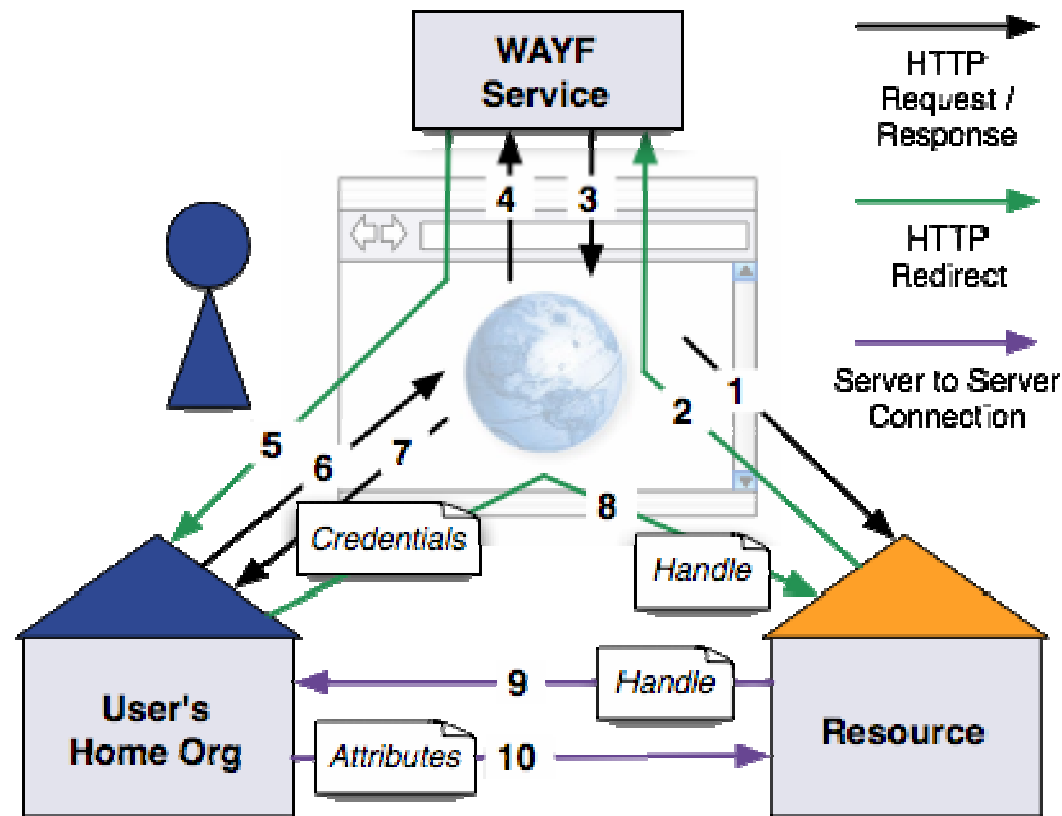
Work Proposed

Technologies

Architecture

Work Development

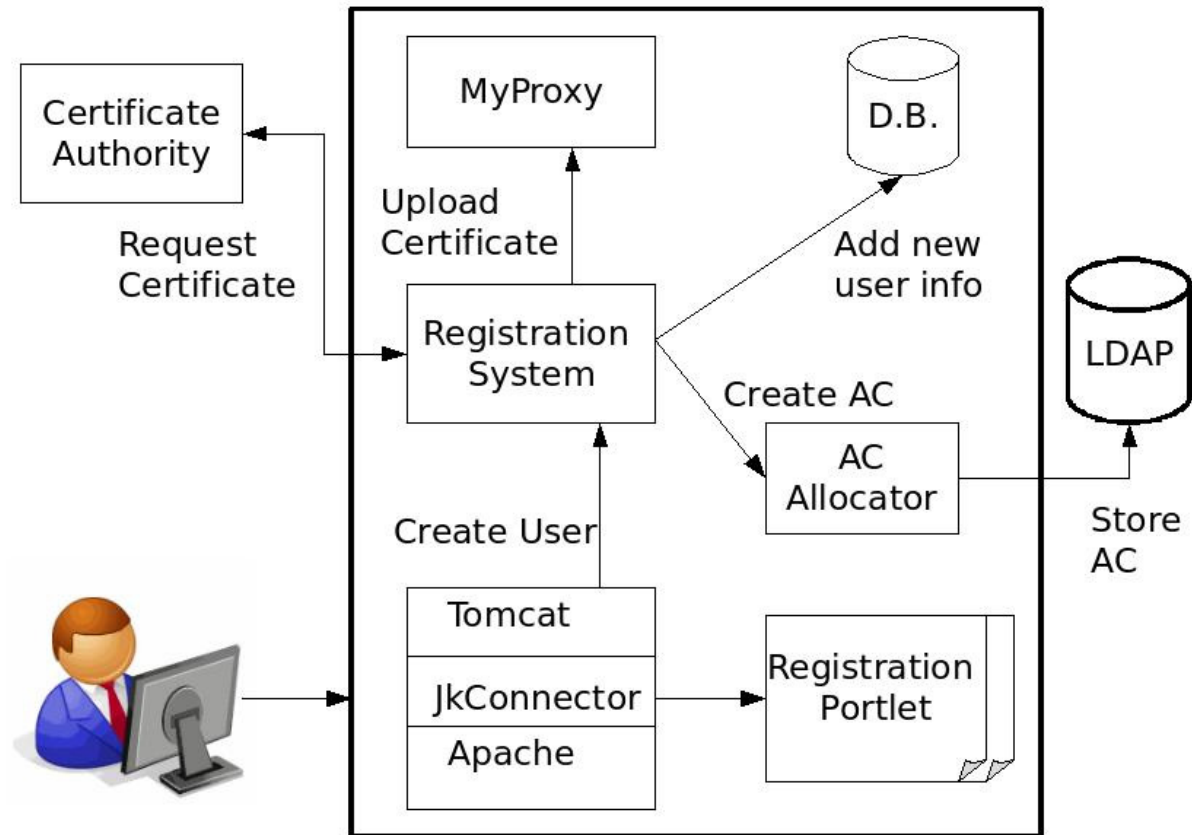
- Shibboleth



DEVELOPMENT

- Work Approach
- Work Proposed
- Technologies
- Architecture
- Work Development

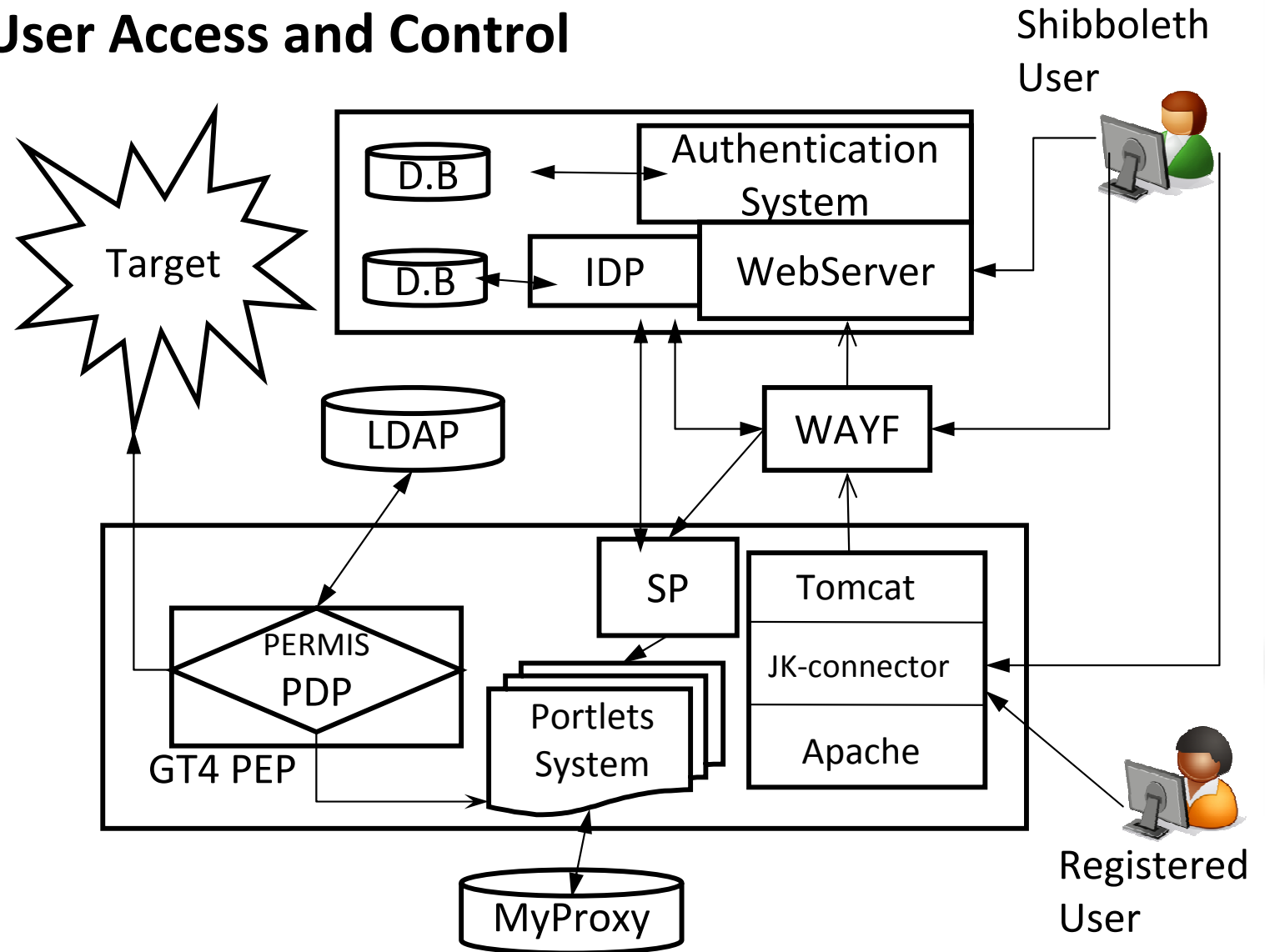
User Registration



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- Work Approach
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- Technologies
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- Work Development

User Access and Control





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User Registration

- This module is based in PURSe Portlets.
- PURSe was modified to manage certificates in a X509 format.
- The portlets used are deployed in GridSphere.
 - PURSe was developed as a portlet for GridSphere.
 - OGCE has developed portlets for GridSphere.
 - Easy to use and to manage.



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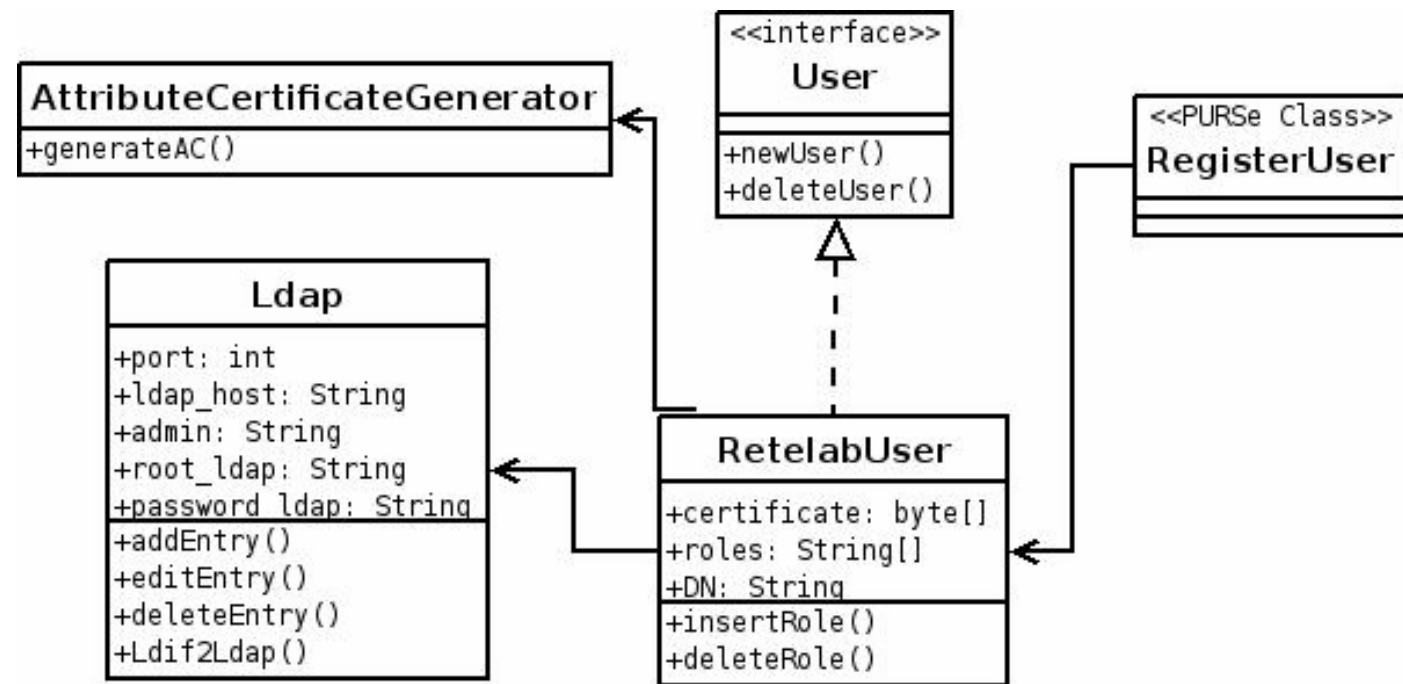
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User Registration



Partial class diagram of a user register system



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User Access and Control

- RBAC model supported by PERMIS.
- We want specific roles to be able to execute services in specific resources, but we do not want to deny the access to the rest of the services in them.
- Grid service access control.
 - PERMIS security descriptor.
 - Problems with the GRAM service control.

FUTURE

Next Works

- To finish the integration with Shibboleth.
- To deploy the system in a working environment.
- To integrate the Grid Technology with OGC Web Services standards.

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